

**S.N.G.N. ROMGAZ S.A.**

**INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

**PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH**

**INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS  
AS ADOPTED BY THE EUROPEAN UNION**

**AND**

**MINISTRY OF FINANCE ORDER 2844/2016**

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## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Note	Year ended December 31, 2020 '000 RON	Year ended December 31, 2019 '000 RON restated *	Year ended December 31, 2019 '000 RON restatements *	Year ended December 31, 2019 '000 RON as reported
Revenue	3	3,926,034	4,924,880	-	4,924,880
Cost of commodities sold	5	(18,615)	(107,798)	-	(107,798)
Investment income	4	67,957	37,676	-	37,676
Other gains and losses	6	(5,583)	8,024	70,588	(62,564)
Impairment losses on trade receivables	16	17,551	(81,221)	-	(81,221)
Changes in inventory of finished goods and work in progress		(16,151)	80,007	-	80,007
Raw materials and consumables used	5	(49,629)	(62,126)	-	(62,126)
Depreciation, amortization and impairment expenses	7	(594,689)	(1,448,827)	(93,516)	(1,355,311)
Employee benefit expense	8	(696,518)	(607,996)	-	(607,996)
Finance cost	9	(16,999)	(24,738)	-	(24,738)
Exploration expense	13	(26,509)	(1,636)	22,928	(24,564)
Other expenses	10	(1,163,456)	(1,524,607)	-	(1,524,607)
Other income	3	25,378	32,585	-	32,585
<b>Profit before tax</b>		<b>1,448,771</b>	<b>1,224,223</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,224,223</b>
Income tax expense	11	(169,886)	(177,816)	-	(177,816)
<b>Profit for the year</b>		<b>1,278,885</b>	<b>1,046,407</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,046,407</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income</b>					
<b>Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>					
Actuarial gains/(losses) on post-employment benefits	19 c)	(16,172)	27,792	-	27,792
Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	11	2,588	(4,446)	-	(4,446)
<b>Total items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</b>		<b>(13,584)</b>	<b>23,346</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,346</b>
<b>Other comprehensive income for the year net of income tax</b>		<b>(13,584)</b>	<b>23,346</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>23,346</b>
<b>Total comprehensive income for the year</b>		<b>1,265,301</b>	<b>1,069,753</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,069,753</b>

\*) Starting 2020, the Company presents the release to income of the impairment for non-current assets written-off as a decrease of the expense generated by the write-off of the respective assets, as "other gains and losses" or as "exploration expense". Previously, the release to income was presented as "depreciation, amortization and impairment". For comparability purposes, 2019 was restated.

These financial statements were endorsed by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2021.

**Aristotel Marius Jude**  
Chief Executive Officer

**Răzvan Popescu**  
Chief Financial Officer

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
This is a free translation of the original Romanian version.

## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Note	December 31, 2020 '000 RON	December 31, 2019 '000 RON restated *)	December 31, 2019 '000 RON restatements *	December 31, 2019 '000 RON as reported
<b>ASSETS</b>					
<b>Non-current assets</b>					
Property, plant and equipment	12	4,888,163	4,782,576	-	4,782,576
Other intangible assets	14	14,030	8,130	-	8,130
Investments in subsidiaries	25 a)	66,056	66,056	-	66,056
Investments in associates	25 b)	120	120	-	120
Deferred tax asset	11	294,268	251,695	220,046	31,649
Net lease investment		424	481	-	481
Right of use asset	14	7,442	8,039	-	8,039
Other financial investments	26	5,378	5,388	-	5,388
<b>Total non-current assets</b>		<b>5,275,881</b>	<b>5,122,485</b>	<b>220,046</b>	<b>4,902,439</b>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Inventories	15	229,945	296,141	-	296,141
Trade and other receivables	16 a)	574,273	618,319	-	618,319
Contract costs		651	312	-	312
Other financial assets	28	1,975,507	1,069,291	-	1,069,291
Other assets	16 b)	56,025	40,806	-	40,806
Net lease investment		71	65	-	65
Cash and cash equivalents	27	392,857	323,107	-	323,107
<b>Total current assets</b>		<b>3,229,329</b>	<b>2,348,041</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,348,041</b>
<b>Assets held for disposal</b>	29	<b>710,944</b>	<b>701,113</b>	<b>(198,189)</b>	<b>899,302</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>9,216,154</b>	<b>8,171,639</b>	<b>21,857</b>	<b>8,149,782</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>					
<b>Equity</b>					
Share capital	17	385,422	385,422	-	385,422
Reserves	18	2,219,941	1,579,902	-	1,579,902
Retained earnings		5,140,902	5,136,170	-	5,136,170
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>7,746,265</b>	<b>7,101,494</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>7,101,494</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>					
Retirement benefit obligation	19	119,432	106,158	-	106,158
Deferred revenue	20	136,308	21,244	-	21,244
Lease liability		7,844	8,273	-	8,273
Provisions	19	493,176	331,812	-	331,812
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>		<b>756,760</b>	<b>467,487</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>467,487</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL POSITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Note	December 31, 2020 '000 RON	December 31, 2019 '000 RON restated *)	December 31, 2019 '000 RON restatements *	December 31, 2019 '000 RON as reported
<b>Current liabilities</b>					
Trade payables	21	91,060	110,327	-	110,327
Contract liabilities		81,318	42,705	-	42,705
Current tax liabilities		57,890	59,436	-	59,436
Deferred revenue	20	10,899	3,729	-	3,729
Provisions	19	147,566	74,600	-	74,600
Lease liability		757	685	-	685
Other liabilities	21	252,150	250,807	-	250,807
<b>Total current liabilities</b>		<b>641,640</b>	<b>542,289</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>542,289</b>
<b>Liabilities directly associated with the assets held for disposal</b>					
	29	71,489	60,369	21,857	38,512
<b>Total liabilities</b>		<b>1,469,889</b>	<b>1,070,145</b>	<b>21,857</b>	<b>1,048,288</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>9,216,154</b>	<b>8,171,639</b>	<b>21,857</b>	<b>8,149,782</b>

\*) The 2019 financial statements contained an error in the allocation of the deferred income tax related to assets held for disposal. The error was corrected by restating the December 31, 2019 balances. The elements restated are the deferred tax asset, assets held for disposal and related liabilities.

These financial statements were endorsed by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2021.

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**Aristotel Marius Jude**  
 Chief Executive Officer

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**Răzvan Popescu**  
 Chief Financial Officer

## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Share capital	Legal reserve	Other reserves (note 18)	Retained earnings **)	Total
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Balance as of January 1, 2020</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>77,084</b>	<b>1,502,818</b>	<b>5,136,170</b>	<b>7,101,494</b>
Result for the year	-	-	-	1,278,885	1,278,885
Allocation to dividends *)	-	-	-	(620,530)	(620,530)
Allocation to other reserves	-	-	580,630	(580,630)	-
Increase in reinvested profit reserves	-	-	59,409	(59,409)	-
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	(13,584)	(13,584)
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2020</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>77,084</b>	<b>2,142,857</b>	<b>5,140,902</b>	<b>7,746,265</b>
<b>Balance as of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>77,084</b>	<b>1,746,603</b>	<b>5,429,843</b>	<b>7,638,952</b>
Result for the year	-	-	-	1,046,407	1,046,407
Allocation to dividends *)	-	-	(362,297)	(1,244,914)	(1,607,211)
Allocation to other reserves	-	-	106,265	(106,265)	-
Increase in reinvested profit reserves	-	-	12,247	(12,247)	-
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	23,346	23,346
<b>Balance as of December 31, 2019</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>77,084</b>	<b>1,502,818</b>	<b>5,136,170</b>	<b>7,101,494</b>

\*) In 2020 the Company's shareholders approved the allocation of dividends of RON 620,530 thousand (2019: RON 1,607,211 thousand), dividend per share being RON 1.61 (2019: RON 4.17).

\*\*\*) Retained earnings include the geological quota reserve set up in accordance with the provisions of Government Decision no. 168/1998 on the establishment of the expense quota for the development and modernization of oil and natural gas production, refining, transportation and oil distribution. Following the Company's transition to IFRS, the reserve existing as of December 31, 2012 was transferred to retained earnings. This result is allocated based on the depreciation, respectively write-off of the assets financed using this source, based on decision of General Meeting of Shareholders. As of December 31, 2020 the geological quota reserve is of RON 927,499 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 1,081,148 thousand).

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**Aristotel Marius Jude**  
Chief Executive Officer

**Răzvan Popescu**  
Chief Financial Officer

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## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON restated *
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
<b>Net profit</b>	<b>1,278,885</b>	<b>1,046,407</b>
<b>Adjustments for:</b>		
Income tax expense (note 11)	169,886	177,816
Interest expense (note 9)	592	541
Income from dividends (note 4)	(21,097)	-
Unwinding of decommissioning provision (note 9, note 19)	16,407	24,197
Interest revenue (note 4)	(46,860)	(37,676)
Net loss on disposal of non-current assets (note 6)	7	(2,564)
Change in decommissioning provision recognized in profit or loss, other than unwinding (note 19)	24,248	(51,760)
Change in other provisions (note 19)	66,134	(8,814)
Net impairment of exploration assets (note 7, note 12, note 13)	97,695	231,278
Exploration projects written off (note 13)	836	123
Net impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangibles (note 7, note 12)	125,997	699,531
Depreciation and amortization (note 7)	370,997	518,018
Amortization of contract costs	795	651
Change in investments at fair value through profit and loss (note 6)	10	4,424
Net receivable write-offs and movement in allowances for trade receivables and other assets	(19,700)	67,297
Other gains and losses	-	(55)
Net movement in write-down allowances for inventory (note 6, note 15)	7,488	4,652
Liabilities written off	(368)	(89)
Subsidies income (note 20)	(7)	(81)
	<b>2,071,945</b>	<b>2,673,896</b>
<b>Movements in working capital:</b>		
(Increase)/Decrease in inventory	59,201	(39,163)
(Increase)/Decrease in trade and other receivables	47,383	119,433
Increase/(Decrease) in trade and other liabilities	20,914	(84,085)
<b>Cash generated from operations</b>	<b>2,199,443</b>	<b>2,670,081</b>
Interest paid	(3)	-
Income taxes paid	(211,720)	(292,392)
<b>Net cash generated by operating activities</b>	<b>1,987,720</b>	<b>2,377,689</b>

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## STATEMENT OF INDIVIDUAL CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON restated *
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Bank deposits set up and acquisition of state bonds	(2,877,758)	(2,553,777)
Bank deposits and state bonds matured	1,988,026	2,355,685
Interest received	37,565	43,039
Proceeds from sale of non-current assets	1,733	1,780
Dividends received	21,097	-
Acquisition of non-current assets	(515,667)	(669,459)
Acquisition of exploration assets	(66,516)	(173,563)
Collection of lease payments	103	41
<b>Net cash used in investing activities</b>	<b>(1,411,417)</b>	<b>(996,254)</b>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
Dividends paid	(620,346)	(1,607,246)
Repayment of lease liability	(1,184)	(850)
Subsidies reimbursed	(50)	-
Subsidies received (note 20)	115,027	-
<b>Net cash used in financing activities</b>	<b>(506,553)</b>	<b>(1,608,096)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>69,750</b>	<b>(226,661)</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year</b>	<b>323,107</b>	<b>549,768</b>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year</b>	<b>392,857</b>	<b>323,107</b>

\*) Please see the comment in the statement of individual comprehensive income.

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\_\_\_\_\_  
Aristotel Marius Jude  
Chief Executive Officer

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Răzvan Popescu  
Chief Financial Officer

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020****1. BACKGROUND AND GENERAL BUSINESS*****Information regarding S.N.G.N. Romgaz S.A. (the “Company”/“Romgaz”)***

S.N.G.N. Romgaz S.A. is a joint stock company, incorporated in accordance with the Romanian legislation.

The Company's headquarter is in Mediaş, 4 Constantin I. Motaş Square, 551130, Sibiu County.

The Romanian State, through the Ministry of Economy, Energy and Business Environment is the majority shareholder of S.N.G.N. Romgaz S.A. together with other legal and physical persons (note 17).

Romgaz has as main activity:

1. geological research for the discovery of natural gas, crude oil and condensed reserves;
2. operation, production and usage, including trading, of mineral resources;
3. natural gas production for:
  - ensuring the storage flow continuity;
  - technological consumption;
  - delivery in the transmission system.
4. commissioning, interventions, capital repairs for wells equipping the deposits, as well as the natural gas resources extraction wells, for its own activity and for third parties;
5. electricity production and distribution.

**2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES*****Statement of compliance***

The individual financial statements (“financial statements”) of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the European Union (EU) and Ministry of Finance Order no. 2844/2016 to approve accounting regulations in accordance with IFRS (MOF 2844/2016). For the purposes of the preparation of these financial statements, the functional currency of the Company is deemed to be the Romanian Leu (RON). IFRS as adopted by the EU differ in certain respects from IFRS as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), however, the differences have no material impact on the Company's financial statements for the periods presented.

***Basis of preparation***

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Accounting is kept in Romanian and in the national currency. Items included in these financial statements are denominated in Romanian lei. Unless otherwise stated, the amounts are presented in thousand lei (thousand RON).

These financial statements are prepared for general purposes, for users familiar with the IFRS as adopted by EU; these are not special purpose financial statements. Consequently, these financial statements must not be used as sole source of information by a potential investor or other users interested in a specific transaction.

***Fair value***

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Company takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realizable value in IAS 2 “Inventory” or value in use in IAS 36 “Impairment of assets”.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorized into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance to the Company of the inputs to the fair value measurement, which are described as follows:

- level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company can access at the measurement date;

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**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

- level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

***Subsidiaries***

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the Company. In establishing the existence of control, the Company analyses the following:

- if it has authority over the invested entity;
- if it is exposed to, or has rights to variable returns from its involvement in the invested entity;
- if it has the ability to use its authority over the invested entity to affect these returns.

The investment in a subsidiary is recognized at cost less accumulated impairment.

***Associated entities***

An associate is a company over which the Company exercises significant influence through participation in decision making on financial and operational policies of the entity invested in. Investments are recorded at cost less accumulated impairment.

***Joint arrangements***

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which two or more parties have joint control. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

A joint arrangement is either a joint operation or a joint venture.

A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement. Those parties are called joint operators.

A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. Those parties are called joint ventures.

***Joint operations***

The Company recognizes in relation to its interest in a joint operation:

- its assets, including its share of any assets held jointly;
- its liabilities, including its share of any liabilities incurred jointly;
- its revenue from the sale of its share of the output arising from the joint operation;
- its share of the revenue from the sale of the output by the joint operation; and
- its expenses, including its share of any expenses incurred jointly.

As joint operator, the Company accounts for the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to its interest in a joint operation in accordance with the IFRSs applicable to the particular assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses.

If the Company participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation it accounts for its interest in the arrangement in accordance with the paragraphs above if it has rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the joint operation.

If the Company participates in, but does not have joint control of, a joint operation, does not have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities, relating to that joint operation, it accounts for its interest in the joint operation in accordance with the IFRSs applicable to that interest.

***Joint ventures***

As a partner in a joint venture, in its financial statements, the Company recognizes its interest in a joint venture as investment, at cost, if it has joint control.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020*****Standards and interpretations valid for the current period***

The following standards and amendments or improvements to existing standards issued by the IASB and adopted by the EU have entered into force for the current period:

- Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020);
- Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020);
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8: Definition of materiality (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020);
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39 and IFRS 7: Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2020);
- Amendments to IFRS 16 Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions (effective for annual periods beginning on or after June 1, 2021).

The adoption of these amendments, interpretations or improvements to existing standards has not led to changes in the Company's accounting policies.

***Standards and interpretations issued by IASB not yet adopted by the EU***

At present, IFRS as adopted by the EU do not significantly differ from IFRS adopted by the IASB except from the following standards, amendments or improvements to the existing standards and interpretations, which were not endorsed for use in EU as at date of publication of financial statements:

- IFRS 17 Insurance Contracts including Amendments to IFRS 17 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023);
- Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements: Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current and Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current - Deferral of Effective Date (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023);
- Amendments to IFRS 3 Business Combinations (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022);
- Amendments to IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022);
- Amendments to IAS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022);
- Annual Improvements 2018-2020 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022);
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 Interest Rate Benchmark Reform – Phase 2 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021).

The Company is currently evaluating the effect that the adoption of these standards, amendments or improvements to the existing standards and interpretations will have on the financial statements of the Company in the period of initial application.

***Standards and interpretations issued by IASB and adopted by the EU, but not yet effective***

At the date of issue of the financial statements, the following standards were issued, but not yet effective:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts – deferral of IFRS 9 (effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2021).

The Company did not adopt these standards and amendments before their effective dates. The Company does not expect these amendments to have a material impact on the financial statements.

***Segment information***

The information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on the upstream segment, electricity production and distribution, and other activities, including headquarter activities. The Directors of the Company have chosen to organize the Company around differences in activities performed.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Specifically, the Company is organized in the following segments:

- upstream, which includes exploration activities, natural gas production and trade of gas extracted by Romgaz or acquired from domestic production or import, for resale; these activities are performed by Medias, Mures and Bratislava branches;
- electricity production and distribution activities, performed by Iernut branch;
- other activities, such as technological transport, operations on wells and corporate activities.

Transactions between Company segments occur at cost.

Considering the insertion of individual and consolidated financial statements in a single annual financial report, the Company does not disclose segment information in the individual financial statements.

### **Revenue recognition**

#### *a) Revenue from contracts with customers*

The Company recognizes customer contracts when all of the following criteria are met:

- the parties to the contract have approved the contract and are committed to perform their respective obligations;
- the Company can identify each party's rights regarding the goods or services to be transferred;
- the Company can identify the payment terms;
- the contract has commercial substance;
- it is probable that the Company will collect the consideration to which it will be entitled in exchange for the goods delivered or the services provided.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when, or as the Company transfers the goods or services to the customer, respectively, the client obtains control over them.

Depending on the nature of the goods or services, revenues are recognized over time or at a point in time.

Revenue is recognized over time if:

- the customer receives and consumes simultaneously the benefits provided by obtaining the goods and services as the Company performs the obligation;
- the Company creates or enhances an asset that the customer controls as the asset is created or enhanced;
- the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company.

All other revenues that do not meet the above criteria are recognized at a point in time.

For revenue to be recognized over time, the Company assesses progress towards meeting the execution obligation, using output methods or input methods, depending on the nature of the good or service transferred to the client. Revenues are recognized only if the Company can reasonably assess the result of the execution obligation or, if it cannot be estimated, only at the level of the costs it is expected to recover from the customer.

Revenue from contracts with customers mainly relates to gas sales, electricity supply and related services. Revenue from these contracts are recognized at a point time on the basis of the actual quantities at the prices fixed in the contracts concluded or at the rates set by the regulatory authority, as the case may be.

Contracts concluded by the Company do not contain significant financing components.

#### *b) Other revenue*

Rental revenue for operating lease contracts where the Company operates as lessor is recognized on an accrual basis in accordance with the substance of the relevant agreements.

Interest income is recognized periodically and proportionally as the respective income is generated, on accrual basis.

Dividends are recognized as income when the legal right to receive them is established.

### **Exploration expenses**

The costs of seismic exploration, geological, geophysical and other similar exploration activities are recognized as exploration expenses in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
This is a free translation of the original Romanian version.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Exploration expenses also include the cost of exploration assets that have not identified gas resources and have been written-off.

***Foreign currencies***

The functional currency is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Company operates and is the currency in which the Company primarily generates and expends cash. The Company operates in Romania and it has the Romanian Leu (RON) as its functional currency.

In preparing the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than the functional currency (foreign currencies) are recorded at the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date.

Exchange differences are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

***Employee benefits******Benefits granted upon retirement***

In the normal course of business, the Company makes payments to the Romanian State on behalf of its employees at legal rates. All employees of the Company are members of the Romanian State pension plan. These costs are recognized in the statement of comprehensive income together with the related salary costs.

Based on the Collective Labor Agreement, the Company is liable to pay to its employees at retirement a number of gross salaries, according to the years worked in the gas industry/electrical industry, work conditions etc. To this purpose, the Company recorded a provision for benefits upon retirement. This provision is updated annually and computed according to actuary methods based on estimates of the average salary, the average number of salaries payable upon retirement, on the estimate of the period when they shall be paid and it is brought to present value using a discount factor based on interest related to a maximum degree of security investments (government securities).

As the benefits are payed, the provision is reduced together with the reversal of the provision against income.

Gains or actuarial losses, are recognized in other comprehensive income. These are changes in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as a result of statistical adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions. Any other changes in the provision are recognized in the result of the year.

The Company does not operate any other pension scheme or post-retirement benefit plan and, consequently, has no obligation in respect of pensions.

***Employee participation to profit***

The Company records in its financial statements a provision related to the fund for employee participation to profit in compliance with legislation in force.

Liabilities related to the fund for employee participation to profit are settled in less than a year and are measured at the amounts estimated to be paid at the time of settlement.

***Provisions***

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

***Greenhouse gas provisions***

The Company recognizes a provision for the deficit between actual CO<sub>2</sub> emissions and certificates held, measured at the best estimate of expenditure required to settle the obligation.

***Provisions for decommissioning of wells***

Liabilities for decommissioning costs are recognized due to the Company's obligation to plug and abandon a well, dismantle and remove a facility or an item of plant and to restore the site on which it is located, and when a reliable estimate of that liability can be made.

The Company recorded a provision for decommissioning wells.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

This provision was computed based on the estimated future expenditure determined in accordance with local conditions and requirements and it was brought to present value using the interest rate on long term treasury bonds. The rate is updated annually.

A corresponding item of property, plant and equipment of an amount equivalent to the provision is also recognized. The item of property, plant and equipment is subsequently depreciated as part of the asset.

The Company applies IFRIC 1 "Changes in Existing Decommissioning, Restoration and Similar Liabilities" related to changes in existing decommissioning, restoration and similar liabilities.

The change in the decommissioning provision for wells is recorded as follows:

- a. subject to b., changes in the liability are added to, or deducted from, the cost of the related asset in the current period;
- b. the amount deducted from the cost of the asset does not exceed its carrying amount. If a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognized immediately in the statement of comprehensive income;
- c. if the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of an asset, the Company considers whether this is an indication that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable.

If it is such an indication, the Company tests the asset for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount, and accounts for any impairment loss.

Once the related asset has reached the end of its useful life, all subsequent changes of debt are recognized in the income statement in the period when they occur.

The periodical unwinding of the discount is recognized periodically in the comprehensive income as a finance cost, as it occurs.

***Taxation***

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

***Current tax***

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

***Deferred tax***

Deferred tax is recognized on the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such assets and liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in associates and interests in joint ventures, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments and interests are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the reporting date, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

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**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

*Current and deferred tax for the period*

Current tax for the period is recognized as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income. Deferred tax for the period is recognized as an expense or income in the statement of comprehensive income, except when they relate to items credited or debited directly to equity, in which case the tax is also recognized directly in equity, or where it arises from the initial accounting for a business combination. In the case of a business combination, the tax effect is taken into account in calculating goodwill or in determining the excess of the acquirer's interest in the net fair value of the acquirer's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over cost.

***Property, plant and equipment*****(1) Cost***(i) Property, plant and equipment*

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management and the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation. The purchase price or construction cost is the aggregate amount paid and the fair value of any other consideration given to acquire the asset.

*(ii) Gas cushion*

This is a quantity of natural gas constituted as a reserve at the level of gas storages, physically recoverable, which ensures the optimum conditions necessary to maintain their technical-productive flow characteristics.

*(iii) Development expenditure*

Expenditure on the construction, installation and completion of infrastructure facilities such as platforms, pipelines and the drilling of development wells, including the commissioning of wells, is capitalized within property, plant and equipment and is depreciated from the commencement of production as described below in the property, plant and equipment accounting policies.

*(iv) Maintenance and repairs*

The Company does not recognize within the assets' costs the current expenses and the accidental expenses for that asset. These costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred.

The cost for current maintenance are mainly labor costs and consumables and also small inventory items. The purpose of these expenses is usually described as "repairs and maintenance" for property, plant and equipment.

The expenses with major activities, inspections and repairs comprise the replacement of the assets or other asset's parts, the inspection cost and major overhauls. These expenses are capitalized if an asset or part of an asset, which was separately depreciated, is replaced and is probable that they will bring future economic benefits for the Company. If part of a replaced asset was not considered as a separate component and, as a result, was not separately depreciated, the replacement value will be used to estimate the net book value of the asset which is replaced and is immediately written-off. The inspection costs associated with major overhauls are capitalized and depreciated over the period until next inspection.

The cost for major overhauls for wells are also capitalized and depreciated using the unit of production depreciation method.

All other costs with the current repairs and usual maintenance are recognized directly in expenses.

**(2) Depreciation**

The depreciable amount of a tangible asset is the cost less the residual value of the asset. The residual value is the estimated value that the Company would currently obtain from the disposal of an asset, after deducting the estimated costs associated with the disposal if the asset would already have the age and condition expected at the end of its useful life.

For directly productive tangible assets (natural gas resources extraction wells), the Company applies the depreciation method based on the unit of production in order to reflect in the statement of comprehensive income, an expense proportionate with the production obtained from the total natural gas reserve certified at the beginning of the period.

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This is a free translation of the original Romanian version.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

According to this method, the value of each production well is depreciated according to the ratio of the natural gas quantity extracted during the period compared to the proved developed reserves at the beginning of the period.

Assets representing the gas cushion are not depreciated, as the residual value exceeds their cost.

For indirect production tangible assets and other assets, depreciation is calculated at cost using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset as follows:

<b><u>Asset</u></b>	<b><u>Years</u></b>
Specific buildings and constructions	10 - 50
Technical installations and machines	3 - 20
Other plant, tools and furniture	3 – 30

Land is not depreciated as it is considered to have an indefinite useful life.

Properties in the course of construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, are carried at historical cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other property assets, commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

Items of tangible fixed assets that are disposed of are eliminated from the statement of financial position along with the corresponding accumulated depreciation and impairment. Any gain or loss resulting from such retirement or disposal is included in the result of the period.

For items of tangible fixed assets that are retired from use, and have not been written off at the data of financial statements, an impairment adjustment is recorded for the carrying value at the time of retirement.

**(3) Impairment**

Non-current assets must be recognized at the lower of the carrying amount and recoverable amount. If and only if the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset should be reduced to be equal to its recoverable amount. Such a reduction represents an impairment loss that is recognized in the result of the period.

Thus at the end of each reporting period, the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment of assets. If such indication is identified, the Company tests the assets to determine whether they are impaired.

Company's assets are allocated to cash-generating units. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable asset group that generates independent cash inflows to a large extent from cash inflows generated by other assets or asset groups. The company considers each commercial field as a separate cash-generating unit.

All gas storages held by the Company leased to Depogaz are considered as part of a single cash-generating unit, as the regulatory authority sets regulated tariffs by analyzing the storage activity as a whole, not every single storage.

In 2020, the Company conducted an impairment test in the Upstream segment, as the conditions existing when the previous test was conducted changed; the results of the impairment test are presented in note 12.

In 2020, no indications of impairment of storage assets were identified.

Recoverable amount is the largest of the fair value of an asset or a cash-generating unit less costs associated with disposal and its value in use. Considering the nature of the Company's assets, it was not possible to determine the fair value of the cash-generating units, being determined only the value in use of the assets.

***Assets held for disposal***

Non-current assets classified as held for disposal are non-current assets whose carrying amount will be recovered through a disposal rather than through continuing use. They are measured at the lower of its carrying amount and fair value less costs to dispose.

Immediately before the initial classification of the assets as held for disposal, the carrying amounts of the assets are measured in accordance with applicable IFRSs.

Non-current assets classified as held for disposal are no longer depreciated.

In the 2020 financial statements, assets held for disposal are the assets used in the storage activity which will be transferred to increase the subsidiary's share capital.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020*****Exploration and appraisal assets*****(1) Cost**

Natural gas exploration (other than seismic, geological, geophysical and other similar activities), appraisal and development expenditure is accounted for using the principles of the successful efforts method of accounting.

Costs directly associated with an exploration well are initially capitalized as an asset until the drilling of the well is complete and the results have been evaluated. These costs include employee remuneration, materials and fuel used, drilling costs and payments made to contractors. If potentially commercial quantities of hydrocarbons are not found, the exploration well is eliminated from the statement of financial position, by recording an impairment, until National Agency for Mineral Resources (Agentia Nationala pentru Resurse Minerale – ANRM) approvals are obtained in order to be written off. If hydrocarbons are found and, subject to further appraisal activity, are likely to be capable of commercial development, the costs continue to be carried as an asset. Costs directly associated with appraisal activity, undertaken to determine the size, characteristics and commercial potential of a reservoir following the initial discovery of hydrocarbons, including the costs of appraisal wells where hydrocarbons were not found, are initially capitalized as an asset. All such carried costs are subject to technical, commercial and management review at least once a year to confirm the continued intent to develop or otherwise extract value from the discovery. When this is no longer the case, an impairment is recorded for the assets, until the completion of the legal steps necessary for them to be written off. When proved reserves of natural gas are determined and development is approved by management, the relevant expenditure is transferred to property, plant and equipment other than exploration assets.

**(2) Impairment**

At each reporting date, the Company's management reviews its exploration assets and establishes the necessity for recording in the financial statements an impairment loss in these situations:

- the period for which the Company has the right to explore in the specific area has expired during the period or will expire in the near future, and is not expected to be renewed;
- substantive expenditure on further exploration for and evaluation of gas resources in the specific area is neither budgeted nor planned;
- exploration for and evaluation of gas resources in the specific area have not led to the discovery of commercially viable quantities of gas resources and the Company has decided to discontinue such activities in the specific area;
- sufficient data exist to indicate that, although a development in the specific area is likely to proceed, the carrying amount of the exploration and evaluation asset is unlikely to be recovered in full from successful development or by sale.

***Other intangible assets*****(1) Cost**

Licenses for software, patents and other intangible assets are recognized at acquisition cost.

Intangible assets are not revalued.

**(2) Amortization**

Patents and other intangible assets are amortized using the straight-line method over their useful life, but not exceeding 20 years. Licenses related to the right of use of computer software are amortized over a period of 3 years.

***Inventories***

Inventories are recorded initially at cost of production, or acquisition cost, depending on the case. The cost of finished goods and production in progress includes materials, labour, expense incurred for bringing the finished goods at the location and in the existent form and the related indirect production costs. Write down adjustments are booked against slow moving, damaged and obsolete inventory, when necessary.

At each reporting date, inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The net realizable value is estimated based on the selling price less any completion and selling expenses. The cost of inventories is assigned by using the weighted average cost formula.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020*****Financial assets and liabilities***

The Company's financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other receivables, loans, bank deposits and bonds with a maturity from acquisition date of over three months and other investments in equity instruments. Financial liabilities include interest-bearing bank borrowings and overdrafts and trade and other payables. For each item, the accounting policies on recognition and measurement are disclosed in this note. Management believes that the estimated fair values of these instruments approximate their carrying amounts.

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, cash in current bank accounts and short-term deposits with a maturity of less than three months from the date of acquisition.

The Company recognizes a financial asset or financial liability in the statement of financial position when and only when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Upon initial recognition, financial assets are classified at amortized cost or measured at fair value through profit or loss. The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flows.

The Company does not have financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

On initial recognition, financial assets and financial liabilities are measured at fair value plus or minus, in the case of assets measured at amortized cost, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability.

Receivables resulting from contracts with customers represent the unconditional right of the Company to a consideration. The right to a consideration is unconditional if only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due. These are measured at initial recognition at the transaction price.

The amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability is the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition minus principal repayments plus or minus cumulative depreciation using the effective interest method for each difference between the initial amount and the amount at maturity and, for financial assets, adjusted for any impairment.

Any difference between the entry amount and the reimbursement amount is recognized in the income statement for the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities or equity in accordance with the nature of the contractual arrangement. Interest, dividends, gains and losses on a financial instrument classified as a liability are reported as expense or income. Distributions to holders of financial instruments classified as equity are recorded directly in equity. Financial instruments are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off and intends to settle either on a net basis or to realize the asset and discharge the obligation simultaneously.

***Impairment of financial assets***

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit and loss, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting period.

Except for trade receivables, the Company measures the loss allowance for a financial instrument at an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk associated with the financial instrument, has increased significantly since initial recognition. If, at the reporting date, the credit risk for a financial instrument has not increased significantly since the initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at a value equal to 12 month expected credit losses.

The loss allowance on trade receivables resulting from transactions that are subject to IFRS 15 is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The Company considers the risk or probability of a default occurring, reflecting the possibility of a default to occur or not to occur, even if the possibility of a credit loss is very low.

The Company measures the expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a manner that reflects reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The carrying amount of the financial asset, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, is reduced through the use of an allowance account.

***De-recognition of financial assets and liabilities***

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another entity.

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
This is a free translation of the original Romanian version.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020****Reserves**

Reserves include (note 18):

- legal reserves, which are used annually to transfer to reserves up to 5% of the statutory profit, but not more than 20% of the statutory share capital of the Company;
- other reserves, which represent allocations from profit in accordance with Government Ordinance no. 64/2001, paragraph (g) for the Company's development fund;
- reserves from reinvested profit, set up based on the Fiscal Code. The amount of profit that benefited from tax exemption under the fiscal legislation less the legal reserve, is distributed at the end of the year by setting up the reserve;
- development quota reserve, non-distributable, set up until 2004. Development quota reserve set up after 2004 is distributable and presented in retained earnings. Development quota set up after 2004 is allocated together with the profit allocation, as approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders, based on depreciation, respectively write-off of the assets financed using the development quota;
- other non-distributable reserves, set up from retained earnings representing translation differences recorded at transition to IFRS. These reserves are set up in accordance with MOF 2844/2016.

**Subsidies**

Subsidies are non-reimbursable financial resources granted to the Company with the condition of meeting certain criteria. In the category of subsidies are included grants related to assets and grants related to income.

Grants related to assets are government grants for whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct, or otherwise acquire long-term assets.

Grants related to income are government grants other than those related to assets.

Subsidies are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that:

- (a) the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to it; and
- (b) subsidies will be received.

Grants related to assets are presented in the statement of financial position as "Deferred revenue", which is then recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of the asset.

Grants related to income are recognized in the statement of profit or loss under "Other income", as the related expenses are recorded. Until the time the expense occurs, the grant received is recognized as "Deferred revenue".

**Use of estimates**

The preparation of the financial information requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the end of reporting date, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could vary from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised, if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following are the critical judgments that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies, and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements.

*Estimates related to impairment losses on trade receivables*

At each period end, the Company evaluates the risks attached to current and overdue receivables and the probability of such risks to materialize. The Company's receivables are generally due in maximum 30 days from the date the invoice is issued. However, the Company may be forced by court decisions to sell gas to insolvent clients deemed "captive" according to insolvency legislation. Invoices issued to these clients for gas delivered are due in 90 days from the date of issue. Based on the information available at period end related to such clients and previous experience, the Company estimates the lifetime expected credit loss of receivables, both current and overdue, and records appropriate impairment losses.

*Estimates related to the exploration expenditure on undeveloped fields*

If field works prove that the geological structures are not exploitable from an economic point of view or that they do not have hydrocarbon resources available, an impairment is recorded. The impairment assessment is performed based on geological experts' technical expertise.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

This is a free translation of the original Romanian version.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

*Estimates related to the developed proved reserves*

The Company applies the depreciation method based on the unit of production in order to reflect in the income statement an expense proportionate with the production obtained from the total natural gas reserve at the beginning of the period. According to this method, the value of each production well is depreciated according to the ratio of the natural gas quantity extracted during the period compared to the gas reserve at the beginning of the period. The gas reserves are updated annually according to internal assessments that are based on certifications of ANRM.

*Estimates related to the decommissioning provision*

Liabilities for decommissioning costs are recognized for the Company's obligation to plug and abandon a well, dismantle and remove a facility or an item of plant and to restore the site on which it is located, and when a reliable estimate of that liability can be made.

This provision is computed based on the estimated future expenditure determined in accordance with local conditions and requirements and it is brought to present value using the interest rate on long term treasury bonds. The rate is updated annually.

*Estimates related to the retirement benefit obligation*

Under the Collective Labor Agreement, the Company is obliged to pay to its employees when they retire a multiplier of the gross salary, depending on the seniority within the gas industry/electricity industry, working conditions etc. This provision is updated annually and calculated based on actuarial methods to estimate the average wage, the average number of employees to pay at retirement, the estimate of the period when they will be paid and brought to present value using a discount factor based on interest on investments with the highest degree of safety (government bonds).

The Company does not operate any other pension plan or retirement benefits, and therefore has no other obligations relating to pensions.

*Contingencies*

By their nature, contingencies end only when one or more uncertain future events occur or not. In order to determine the existence and the potential value of a contingent element, is required to exercise the professional judgment and the use of estimates regarding the outcome of future events (note 32).

**Comparative information**

For each item of the statement of financial position, the statement of comprehensive income and, where is the case, for the statement of changes in equity and for the statement of cash flows, for comparative information purposes is presented the value of the corresponding item for the previous period ended, unless the changes are insignificant. In addition, the Company presents an additional statement of financial position at the beginning of the earliest period presented when there is a retrospective application of an accounting policy, a retrospective restatement, or a reclassification of items in the financial statements, which has a material impact on the Company.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 3. REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Revenue from gas sold - domestic production	3,235,949	4,166,522
Revenue from gas sold – other arrangements	66,915	128,737
Revenue from gas acquired for resale – import gas	-	77,867
Revenue from gas acquired for resale – domestic gas	15,545	23,368
Revenue from electricity	189,294	145,715
Revenue from services	288,328	237,869
Revenue from sale of goods	18,189	30,239
Other revenues from contracts	366	400
<b>Total revenue from contracts with customers</b>	<b>3,814,586</b>	<b>4,810,717</b>
Revenues from rental activities (see below)	111,448	114,163
<b>Total revenue</b>	<b>3,926,034</b>	<b>4,924,880</b>
Other operating income *)	25,378	32,585
<b>Total revenue and other income</b>	<b>3,951,412</b>	<b>4,957,465</b>

\*) Other operating income relates mainly to penalties charged to clients for late payment.

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized as or when the Company satisfies a performance obligation by transferring a promised good or service to a customer. A good or service is transferred when the customer obtains control of that good or service. The transfer of control of goods sold by the Company usually coincides with title passing to the customer and the customer taking physical possession.

Revenues from gas and electricity are recognized when the delivery has been made at the prices fixed in the contracts with customers.

In measuring the revenue from gas and electricity, the Company uses output methods. According to these methods, revenues are recognized based on direct measurements of the value to the customer of the goods or services transferred to date relative to the remaining goods or services promised under the contract. The Company recognizes the revenue in the amount it has the right to charge.

The Company does not disclose information about the remaining performance obligations, applying the practical expedient in IFRS 15, as the contracts with the customers are generally signed for periods of less than one year and the revenues are recognized at the amount which the Company has the right to charge.

Revenues from rental activities mainly includes the revenue from renting the fixed assets used in the storage activity by Depogaz and Depomureş.

## 4. INVESTMENT INCOME

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Income from dividends	21,097	-
Interest income	46,860	37,676
<b>Total</b>	<b>67,957</b>	<b>37,676</b>

Interest income is derived from the Company's investments in bank deposits and government bonds.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 5. COST OF COMMODITIES SOLD, RAW MATERIALS AND CONSUMABLES

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Consumables used	31,390	35,110
Technological consumption	14,541	24,156
Cost of gas acquired for resale, sold – import	-	74,410
Cost of gas acquired for resale, sold – domestic	7,650	9,863
Cost of electricity imbalance	10,375	22,414
Cost of other goods sold	590	1,111
Other consumables	3,698	2,860
<b>Total</b>	<b>68,244</b>	<b>169,924</b>

## 6. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Forex gain	52	2,581
Forex loss	(279)	(2,024)
Net loss on disposal of non-current assets	(7)	2,564
Net allowances for other receivables (note 16 c)	2,151	13,926
Net write down allowances for inventory (note 15)	(7,488)	(4,652)
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 26)	(10)	(4,424)
Other gains and losses	-	55
Losses from other debtors	(2)	(2)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(5,583)</b>	<b>8,024</b>

## 7. DEPRECIATION, AMORTIZATION AND IMPAIRMENT EXPENSES

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Depreciation and amortization	370,997	518,018
out of which:		
- depreciation of property, plant and equipment*)	368,193	515,073
- amortization of intangible assets	1,977	2,238
- amortization of write-of use assets	827	707
Net impairment of non-current assets (note 12)**)	223,692	930,809
<b>Total depreciation, amortization and impairment</b>	<b>594,689</b>	<b>1,448,827</b>

\*) The decrease in the depreciation expense for property, plant and equipment is due to a reduction in natural gas production, as they are depreciated using the unit of production method, as mentioned in note 2.

\*\*\*) Net impairment of non-current assets have decreased as compared to the previous year as in 2020 the Company did not record any impairment losses from impairment tests unlike 2019. More information on the impairment test performed in 2020 is presented in note 12.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 8. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSE

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Wages and salaries	733,979	661,456
Social security charges	26,132	19,297
Meal tickets	21,260	17,452
Other benefits according to collective labor contract	19,138	27,700
Private pension payments	10,791	9,891
Private health insurance	5,980	-
<b>Total employee benefit costs</b>	<b>817,280</b>	<b>735,796</b>
Less, capitalized employee benefit costs	(120,762)	(127,800)
<b>Total employee benefit expense</b>	<b>696,518</b>	<b>607,996</b>

## 9. FINANCE COSTS

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Interest expense	592	541
Unwinding of the decommissioning provision (note 19)	16,407	24,197
<b>Total</b>	<b>16,999</b>	<b>24,738</b>

## 10. OTHER EXPENSES

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Energy and water expenses	16,322	17,101
Expenses for capacity booking and gas transmission services	167,937	164,142
Expenses with other taxes and duties *) (Net gain)/Net loss from provisions movement (note 19)	623,012	1,058,976
Gas storage services	67,757	64,874
Other operating expenses **)	198,046	280,088
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,163,456</b>	<b>1,524,607</b>

\*) In the year ended December 31, 2020, the major taxes and duties included in the amount of RON 623,012 thousand (year ended December 31, 2019: RON 1,058,976 thousand) are:

- 414,943 RON thousand represent windfall tax resulting from the deregulation of prices in the natural gas sector according to Government Ordinance no. 7/2013 with the subsequent amendments for the implementation of the windfall tax following the deregulation of prices in the natural gas sector (year ended December 31, 2019: RON 716,908 thousand);
- 186,857 RON thousand represent royalty on gas production (year ended December 31, 2019: RON 332,501 thousand).

\*\*\*) At the start of 2020, the monetary contribution from license holders in the electric power and natural gas sectors of 2% from revenues obtained from the activities under the scope of licenses granted by the Romanian Regulatory Authority for Energy, as introduced by Government Emergency Ordinance no. 114/2018, was repealed. The 2019 operating expenses of RON 280,088 thousand included this contribution of RON 79,860 thousand. In 2020 the contribution paid to ANRE was of RON 11,439 thousand.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

In 2020 other operating expenses of RON 198,046 thousand include an expense of RON 24,284 thousand representing dividends deemed by ANAF as payable to the Romanian state according to the provisions of Government Emergency Ordinance no. 114/2018. The Company did not agree with the conclusions of the report and started legal actions against it. The deemed dividends attributable to the main shareholder and related penalties were offset by ANAF against receivables of the Company from ANAF, although the Company requested the receivables to be offset against other tax liabilities when due. As there is no shareholders' decision to allocate additional dividends, the amount offset by ANAF was expensed.

## 11. INCOME TAX

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Current tax expense *)	210,174	286,025
Deferred income tax (income)/expense	(40,288)	(108,209)
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>169,886</b>	<b>177,816</b>

\*) The 2020 current tax expense of RON 210,174 thousand includes additional income tax of RON 6,923 thousand, as determined by ANAF following a tax audit for the period 2014-2018; the Company filed a complaint against the report. The tax audit report included penalties of RON 37,941 thousand, which were written-off due to facilities introduced by Government Emergency Ordinance no. 69/2020.

The tax rate used for the reconciliations below for the year ended December 31, 2020, respectively year ended December 31, 2019 is 16% payable by corporate entities in Romania on taxable profits.

The total charge for the period can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Accounting profit before tax</b>	<b>1,448,771</b>	<b>1,224,223</b>
(Profit)/loss activities not subject to income tax	6,298	1,821
<b>Accounting profit subject to income tax</b>	<b>1,455,069</b>	<b>1,226,044</b>
Income tax expense calculated at 16%	232,811	196,167
Effect of income exempt of taxation	(71,772)	(44,598)
Effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable profit	85,643	170,899
Effect of current income tax reduction, due to tax facilities	(10,424)	(15,054)
Effect of tax incentive for reinvested profit	(9,506)	(1,960)
Effect of the benefit from tax credits, used to reduce current tax expense	27,374	28,805
Effect of deferred tax relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	(56,239)	(145,407)
Effect of the benefit from tax credits, used to reduce deferred tax expense	(34,924)	(11,036)
Effect of the previous year tax expenses	6,923	-
<b>Income tax expense</b>	<b>169,886</b>	<b>177,816</b>

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Components of deferred tax (asset)/liability:

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Cumulative temporary differences	Deferred tax (asset)/ liability	Cumulative temporary differences	Deferred tax (asset)/ liability
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
Provisions	(671,907)	(107,505)	(489,160)	(78,266)
Property, plant and equipment	88,006	14,081	55,175	8,827
Exploration assets *)	(828,989)	(132,638)	(928,679)	(148,589)
Financial investments	(977)	(156)	(977)	(156)
Inventory	(29,817)	(4,771)	(17,940)	(2,870)
Receivables and other assets	(395,488)	(63,279)	(191,509)	(30,641)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(1,839,172)</b>	<b>(294,268)</b>	<b>(1,573,090)</b>	<b>(251,695)</b>
Assets held for disposal	184,986	29,598	175,115	28,019
Liabilities directly associated with Assets held for disposal	(50,269)	(8,044)	(38,512)	(6,162)
<b>Total for assets held for disposal and associated liabilities</b>	<b>134,717</b>	<b>21,554</b>	<b>136,603</b>	<b>21,857</b>
<b>Total General</b>	<b>(1,704,455)</b>	<b>(272,714)</b>	<b>(1,436,487)</b>	<b>(229,838)</b>
<b>Change, out of which:</b>		<b>42,876</b>		<b>103,763</b>
- In current year's result		40,288		108,209
- in other comprehensive income		2,588		(4,446)

\*) According to the Fiscal Code applicable in Romania, expenses related to location, exploration, development or any preparatory activity for the exploitation of natural resources, which, according to the applicable accounting regulations, are recorded directly in the result, are recovered in equal rates for a period of 5 years, starting with the month in which the expenses are incurred. Also, for fixed assets specific to the exploration and production of gas resources, the carrying tax value of fixed assets written off is deducted using the tax depreciation method used before their write-off for the remaining period. All of these costs are treated as assets only from a tax point of view and generate a deferred tax asset.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Land and land improvements	Buildings	Gas properties	Plant, machinery and equipment	Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	Storage assets	Tangible exploration assets	Capital work in progress	Total
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Cost</b>									
As of January 1, 2020	<b>88,688</b>	<b>686,882</b>	<b>6,730,173</b>	<b>841,835</b>	<b>91,016</b>	<b>206,470</b>	<b>402,445</b>	<b>1,794,140</b>	<b>10,841,649</b>
Additions	8,049	1	130,268	7	-	-	66,516	522,699	727,540
Transfers	-	3,510	259,441	81,377	8,731	-	(4,690)	(348,369)	-
Assets held for disposal	-	-	-	-	-	7,338	-	-	7,338
Disposals	-	(1,342)	(16,051)	(8,928)	(286)	(421)	(130,665)	(58,493)	(216,186)
As of December 31, 2020	<b>96,737</b>	<b>689,051</b>	<b>7,103,831</b>	<b>914,291</b>	<b>99,461</b>	<b>213,387</b>	<b>333,606</b>	<b>1,909,977</b>	<b>11,360,341</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>									
As of January 1, 2020	-	<b>266,495</b>	<b>4,022,145</b>	<b>585,471</b>	<b>71,643</b>	<b>7,565</b>	-	-	<b>4,953,319</b>
Depreciation *)	-	22,928	306,002	51,014	5,700	4,200	-	-	389,844
Disposals	-	(839)	(3,014)	(8,882)	(286)	(4,000)	-	-	(17,021)
As of December 31, 2020	-	<b>288,584</b>	<b>4,325,133</b>	<b>627,603</b>	<b>77,057</b>	<b>7,765</b>	-	-	<b>5,326,142</b>
<b>Impairment</b>									
As of January 1, 2020	<b>3,180</b>	<b>32,353</b>	<b>493,729</b>	<b>80,464</b>	<b>1,121</b>	<b>2,757</b>	<b>245,532</b>	<b>246,618</b>	<b>1,105,754</b>
Charge	-	1,664	85,085	557	76	(11,341)	100,189	106,850	283,080
Transfers	-	-	25,804	2,374	-	-	-	(28,178)	-
Assets held for disposal	-	-	-	-	-	11,341	-	-	11,341
Release	-	(382)	(50,993)	(400)	(19)	(656)	(132,323)	(69,366)	(254,139)
As of December 31, 2020	<b>3,180</b>	<b>33,635</b>	<b>553,625</b>	<b>82,995</b>	<b>1,178</b>	<b>2,101</b>	<b>213,398</b>	<b>255,924</b>	<b>1,146,036</b>
<b>Carrying value</b>									
As of January 1, 2020	<b>85,508</b>	<b>388,034</b>	<b>2,214,299</b>	<b>175,900</b>	<b>18,252</b>	<b>196,148</b>	<b>156,913</b>	<b>1,547,522</b>	<b>4,782,576</b>
As of December 31, 2020	<b>93,557</b>	<b>366,832</b>	<b>2,225,073</b>	<b>203,693</b>	<b>21,226</b>	<b>203,521</b>	<b>120,208</b>	<b>1,654,053</b>	<b>4,888,163</b>

\*) The amounts include depreciation of tangible assets used in the production of other fixed assets, capitalized in their cost, amounting to RON 21,649 thousand.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	Land and land improvements	Buildings	Gas properties	Plant, machinery and equipment	Fixtures, fittings and office equipment	Storage assets	Tangible exploration assets	Capital work in progress	Total
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Cost</b>									
<b>As of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>108,849</b>	<b>890,706</b>	<b>6,454,088</b>	<b>983,784</b>	<b>98,608</b>	<b>1,698,008</b>	<b>332,457</b>	<b>1,553,904</b>	<b>12,120,404</b>
Additions	374	18	16,345	25	21	-	210,521	649,459	876,763
Transfers	7	11,224	466,419	39,901	2,933	(16,738)	(117,482)	(386,264)	-
Disposals	-	(283)	(206,679)	(8,545)	(2,134)	(34,574)	(23,051)	(22,959)	(298,225)
Transfer to assets held for disposal (note 29)	(20,542)	(214,783)	-	(173,330)	(8,412)	(1,440,226)	-	-	(1,857,293)
<b>As of December 31, 2019</b>	<b>88,688</b>	<b>686,882</b>	<b>6,730,173</b>	<b>841,835</b>	<b>91,016</b>	<b>206,470</b>	<b>402,445</b>	<b>1,794,140</b>	<b>10,841,649</b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation</b>									
<b>As of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>297,740</b>	<b>3,671,297</b>	<b>590,318</b>	<b>72,906</b>	<b>589,043</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>5,221,304</b>
Depreciation *)	-	31,231	370,794	63,933	5,929	66,682	-	-	538,569
Transfers	-	-	5,906	-	-	(5,906)	-	-	-
Disposals	-	(248)	(25,852)	(8,093)	(2,103)	(2,796)	-	-	(39,092)
Transfer to assets held for disposal (note 29)	-	(62,228)	-	(60,687)	(5,089)	(639,458)	-	-	(767,462)
<b>As of December 31, 2019</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>266,495</b>	<b>4,022,145</b>	<b>585,471</b>	<b>71,643</b>	<b>7,565</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>4,953,319</b>
<b>Impairment</b>									
<b>As of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>3,180</b>	<b>31,523</b>	<b>390,424</b>	<b>71,226</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>3,521</b>	<b>37,266</b>	<b>119,145</b>	<b>657,194</b>
Charge	5,075	11,893	179,095	4,526	288	375,073	231,409	192,449	999,808
Transfers	-	931	24,890	6,808	279	-	(84)	(32,824)	-
Release	-	(4,041)	(100,680)	(1,993)	(328)	(262)	(23,059)	(32,152)	(162,515)
Transfer to assets held for disposal (note 29)	(5,075)	(7,953)	-	(103)	(27)	(375,575)	-	-	(388,733)
<b>As of December 31, 2019</b>	<b>3,180</b>	<b>32,353</b>	<b>493,729</b>	<b>80,464</b>	<b>1,121</b>	<b>2,757</b>	<b>245,532</b>	<b>246,618</b>	<b>1,105,754</b>
<b>Carrying value</b>									
<b>As of January 1, 2019</b>	<b>105,669</b>	<b>561,443</b>	<b>2,392,367</b>	<b>322,240</b>	<b>24,793</b>	<b>1,105,444</b>	<b>295,191</b>	<b>1,434,759</b>	<b>6,241,906</b>
<b>As of December 31, 2019</b>	<b>85,508</b>	<b>388,034</b>	<b>2,214,299</b>	<b>175,900</b>	<b>18,252</b>	<b>196,148</b>	<b>156,913</b>	<b>1,547,522</b>	<b>4,782,576</b>

\*) The amounts include depreciation of tangible assets used in the production of other fixed assets, capitalized in their cost, amounting to RON 23,498 thousand.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

*Impairment of property, plant and equipment*

Note 2 contains information on the conditions under which impairment losses for individual assets are recognized.

*Impairment of assets in the Upstream segment*

Based on the current market conditions (the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on Romanian economy, 2020 gas production 14% lower compared to previous year, lower gas prices), the Group identified impairment indicators for its upstream assets.

Based on its assessment, the Company considered each commercial field as a separate cash-generating unit. The infrastructure common to several gas fields (e.g. compression stations, drying stations) was allocated to each field according to the quantities processed for each field served. The corporate assets were allocated to each field according to the estimated revenue to be earned by each field in the total revenue over the period considered in the impairment test.

The impairment test took into account the economic life of the fields, according to the latest studies approved by the National Agency of Mineral Resources, but no later than 2043, this being the limit year of the concession agreements, according to the legislation in force.

Following the impairment test, there was no additional impairment identified.

In the impairment test the following assumptions were used:

- Weighted average cost of capital: 10%;
- The inflation rate for the years 2021-2023 was the one reported by the National Prognosis Commission in the autumn forecast for 2021. For the period 2024-2043 a constant inflation rate of 2.4% was used;
- Average estimated price for the period was 87.51 lei/MWh.

**13. EXPLORATION AND APPRAISAL FOR NATURAL GAS RESOURCES**

The following financial information represents the amounts included within the Company's totals relating to activity associated with the exploration for and appraisal of natural gas resources.

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Exploration assets written off (note 12)	(836)	(123)
Seismic, geological, geochemical studies	(25,673)	(1,513)
<b>Exploration expenses</b>	<b>(26,509)</b>	<b>(1,636)</b>
Net movement in exploration assets' impairment (note 12) (net income)/net loss	97,695	231,278
Net cash used in exploration investing activities	(66,516)	(173,563)
	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Exploration assets (note 12)	120,208	156,913
Liabilities	(5,285)	(49,270)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>114,923</b>	<b>107,643</b>

The accompanying notes form an integrant part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2019

## 14. OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS. RIGHT OF USE ASSETS

## a) Other intangible assets

	2020	2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Cost</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>184,797</b>	<b>179,409</b>
Additions	7,877	6,124
Disposals	(7,840)	(695)
Transfer to assets held for disposal (note 29)	-	(41)
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>184,834</b>	<b>184,797</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>176,667</b>	<b>174,674</b>
Charge	1,977	2,238
Disposals	(7,840)	(219)
Transfer to assets held for disposal (note 29)	-	(26)
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>170,804</b>	<b>176,667</b>
<b>Carrying value</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>8,130</b>	<b>4,735</b>
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>14,030</b>	<b>8,130</b>

## b) Right of use assets

	2020	2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>Cost</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>8,657</b>	<b>-</b>
Implementation of IFRS16 leases	-	4,929
Additions	-	5,036
Effects of rent index updates	230	-
Disposals	-	(1,308)
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>8,887</b>	<b>8,657</b>
<b>Accumulated amortization</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>618</b>	<b>-</b>
Charge	827	707
Disposals	-	(89)
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>1,445</b>	<b>618</b>
<b>Carrying value</b>		
<b>As of January 1</b>	<b>8,039</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>As of December 31</b>	<b>7,442</b>	<b>8,039</b>

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.  
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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 15. INVENTORIES

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Spare parts and materials	155,965	154,691
Finished goods (gas)	123,638	183,842
Other inventories	681	459
Write-down allowance for spare parts and materials	(50,335)	(42,850)
Write-down allowance for other inventories	(4)	(1)
<b>Total</b>	<b>229,945</b>	<b>296,141</b>

## 16. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

## a) Trade and other receivables

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Trade receivables	1,553,276	1,547,917
Allowances for expected credit losses (note 16 c)	(1,279,164)	(1,252,267)
Accrued receivables	302,855	369,811
Allowances for expected credit losses on accrued receivables (note 16 c)	(2,694)	(47,142)
<b>Total</b>	<b>574,273</b>	<b>618,319</b>

Trade receivables from gas deliveries are generally due within 30 days of invoice issue. These must be guaranteed by customers through bank letters of guarantee. If customers do not provide such a guarantee, they must ensure that natural gas is paid in advance.

The Company is forced by court orders to sell gas to insolvent clients considered "captive" by the insolvency law. These clients provide no guarantees, do not pay for deliveries in advance and have a payment term of 90 days from invoice issue date.

Trade receivables from the sale of electricity are generally due within 7 days of the date of invoice transmission. These must be guaranteed by customers through bank letters of guarantee. If customers do not provide such a guarantee, they must ensure that electricity is paid in advance.

## b) Other assets

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Advances paid to suppliers	7,934	386
Joint operation receivables	2,384	2,125
Other receivables *)	63,638	61,177
Allowance for expected credit losses other receivables (note 16 c) *)	(28,981)	(33,703)
Other debtors	50,072	47,528
Allowances for expected credit losses for other debtors (note 16 c)	(49,016)	(46,445)
Prepayments	5,719	3,784
VAT not yet due	4,269	5,954
Other taxes receivable	6	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>56,025</b>	<b>40,806</b>

\*) During May 13, 2014 – September 30, 2014 the National Agency for Tax Administration (Agentia Nationala de Administrare Fiscala - ANAF) ran a tax investigation at Romgaz regarding the tax statements and/or operations relevant for the investigation as well as the organization and management of tax and accounting evidence. The period under control was 2008 – 2013 for income tax and 2009 – 2013 for VAT.

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

Following the tax inspection, an additional liability was established for Romgaz of RON 22,440 thousand, representing income tax, VAT, penalties and related interest. Of the total amount, Romgaz paid RON 2,389 thousand.

For the remaining amount of RON 20,051 thousand, Romgaz performed a legal assessment which concluded that the additional tax, penalties and interest are not correct. Romgaz filed an appeal to the Ministry of Public Finance. The appeal was partially rejected for the amount of RON 15,872 thousand.

For RON 4,179 thousand a new fiscal control was ordered, which resulted in a tax burden of RON 2,981 thousand. The appeal filed to ANAF was rejected.

In 2015, Romgaz sued the Ministry of Finance to cancel the above mentioned administrative acts, including the partial cancellation of the decision issued for the appeal.

The payment made in 2016 generated additional penalties of RON 13,697 thousand, also paid. Considering the disagreement regarding the conclusions of the tax control, the Company recorded a receivable and an allowance.

In 2019, the Company won some of the points claimed in the case filed against ANAF and the allowance of RON 18,499 thousand was reversed against income. The Company took action to recover the amount paid, but the amounts were not received by December 31, 2020.

During the period December 2016 - April 2017 ANAF resumed the tax inspection on VAT for the period December 2010 – June 2011 and on income tax for the period January 2010 – December 2011, regarding the discounts granted by Romgaz to interruptible clients for deliveries during 2010 - 2011. This status was attributed to companies by Transgaz, the Romanian natural gas transmission operator. Following the tax inspection, additional tax obligations of RON 15,284 thousand were determined, and also penalties and late payment charges in amount of RON 3,129 thousand. The tax decision and the tax inspection report were appealed to ANAF. Romgaz paid the additional tax obligation and the late payment charges and based on the appeal, the Company recorded a receivable for which it recorded an allowance.

The total receivable impaired in connection with these controls is RON 28,981 thousand.

**c) Changes in the allowance for expected credit losses for trade and other receivables and other assets**

	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>'000 RON</b>	<b>'000 RON</b>
<b>At January 1</b>	<b>1,379,557</b>	<b>1,312,262</b>
Charge in the allowance for other receivables (note 6)	2,792	4,641
Charge in the allowance for trade receivables	61,595	84,783
Release in the allowance for other receivables (note 6)	(4,943)	(18,567)
Release in the allowance for trade receivables	(79,146)	(3,562)
<b>At December 31</b>	<b>1,359,855</b>	<b>1,379,557</b>

As of December 31, 2020, the Company recorded allowances for doubtful debts, of which Interagro RON 271,621 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 275,137 thousand), GHCL Upsom of RON 68,103 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 68,103 thousand), CET Iasi of RON 46,271 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 46,271 thousand), Electrocentrale Galati with RON 226,338 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 222,075 thousand), Electrocentrale Bucuresti with RON 576,080 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 616,330 thousand), G-ON EUROGAZ of RON 14,848 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 14,848 thousand) and Electrocentrale Constanta of RON 58,227 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 39,113 thousand), due to existing financial conditions of these clients as well as ongoing litigating cases related to these receivables or exceeding payment terms.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## d) Credit risk exposure for trade receivables

December 31, 2020	<u>Gross carrying amount</u>	<u>Expected credit loss rate</u>	<u>Lifetime expected credit losses</u>
	'000 RON	%	'000 RON
Current receivables, including accrued receivables	573,446	0.91	5,210
less than 30 days overdue	5,878	9.22	542
30 to 90 days overdue	4,877	86.57	4,222
90 to 360 days overdue	23,890	99.81	23,844
over 360 days overdue	1,248,040	100.00	1,248,040
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>1,856,131</b>		<b>1,281,858</b>

  

December 31, 2019	<u>Gross carrying amount</u>	<u>Expected credit loss rate</u>	<u>Lifetime expected credit losses</u>
	'000 RON	%	'000 RON
Current receivables, including accrued receivables	664,761	7.10	47,198
less than 30 days overdue	3,924	84.00	3,296
30 to 90 days overdue	1,451	96.21	1,396
90 to 360 days overdue	25,203	99.71	25,130
over 360 days overdue	1,222,389	100.00	1,222,389
<b>Total trade receivables</b>	<b>1,917,728</b>		<b>1,299,409</b>

## 17. SHARE CAPITAL

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
385,422,400 fully paid ordinary shares	385,422	385,422
<b>Total</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>385,422</b>

The shareholding structure as at December 31, 2020 is as follows:

	<u>No. of shares</u>	<u>Value</u>	<u>Percentage (%)</u>
		'000 RON	
The Romanian State through the Ministry of Economy, Energy and Business Environment	269,823,080	269,823	70.01
Legal persons	95,612,507	95,612	24.81
Physical persons	19,986,813	19,987	5.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>385,422,400</b>	<b>385,422</b>	<b>100</b>

All shares are ordinary and were subscribed and fully paid as at December 31, 2020. All shares carry equal voting rights and have a nominal value of RON 1/share (December 31, 2019: RON 1/share).

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 18. RESERVES

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Legal reserves	77,084	77,084
Other reserves, of which:	2,142,857	1,502,818
- Company's development fund	1,353,047	772,417
- Reinvested profit	283,697	224,288
- Geological quota set up until 2004	486,388	486,388
- Other reserves	19,725	19,725
<b>Total</b>	<b>2,219,941</b>	<b>1,579,902</b>

## 19. PROVISIONS

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Decommissioning provision (note 19 a)	493,176	331,812
Retirement benefit obligation (note 19 c)	119,432	106,158
<b>Total long term provisions</b>	<b>612,608</b>	<b>437,970</b>
Decommissioning provision (note 19 a)	17,846	13,912
Litigation provision (note 19 b)	1,380	1,337
Other provisions *) (note 19 b)	128,340	59,351
<b>Total short term provisions</b>	<b>147,566</b>	<b>74,600</b>
<b>Total provisions</b>	<b>760,174</b>	<b>512,570</b>

\*) On December 31, 2020, other provisions of RON 128,340 thousand include the provision for employee's participation to profit of RON 33,848 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 31,525 thousand), the provision for taxes of RON 6,716 thousand and the provision for CO2 certificates of RON 81,217 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 23,410 thousand). Regarding the CO2 provision, starting 2020 the mechanism for free of charge transitory allocation of greenhouse gas emissions certificates is no longer available.

## a) Decommissioning provision

## (i) Decommissioning provision movement

	2020	2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>At January 1</b>	<b>345,724</b>	<b>530,466</b>
Additional provision recorded against non-current assets	130,094	16,342
Unwinding effect (note 9)	14,860	24,197
Recorded in profit or loss	24,130	(51,760)
Change recorded against non-current assets	(3,786)	(135,009)
Provision directly associated with the assets held for disposal (note 29)	-	(38,512)
<b>At December 31</b>	<b>511,022</b>	<b>345,724</b>

The Company makes full provision for the future cost of decommissioning natural gas wells on a discounted basis upon installation. The provision for the costs of decommissioning these wells at the end of their economic lives has been estimated using existing technology, at current prices or future assumptions, depending on the expected timing of the activity, and discounted using a rate of 2.97% (year ended December 31, 2019: 4.41%). While the provision is based on the best estimate of future costs and the economic lives of the wells, there is uncertainty regarding both the amount and timing of these costs.

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**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

The increase with 1 percentage point of the discount rate would decrease the decommissioning provision with RON 99,099 thousand. The decrease with 1 percentage point of the discount rate would increase the decommissioning provision with RON 131,707 thousand.

**(ii) Decommissioning provision movement for assets held for disposal**

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>
<b>At January 1</b>	<b>38,512</b>	<b>-</b>
Additional provision recorded against assets held for disposal	9,843	-
Unwinding effect (note 9)	1,547	-
Recorded in profit or loss	118	-
Change recorded against assets held for disposal	(85)	-
Transfer to liabilities directly associated with assets held for disposal (nota 29)	-	38,512
<b>At December 31</b>	<b>49,935</b>	<b>38,512</b>

**b) Other provisions**

	<u>Litigation provision</u>	<u>Other provisions</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>
<b>At January 1, 2020</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>59,351</b>	<b>60,688</b>
Additional provision recorded in the result of the period	730	142,034	142,764
Provisions used in the period	(684)	(71,618)	(72,302)
Unused amounts during the period, reversed	(3)	(1,427)	(1,430)
<b>At December 31, 2020</b>	<b>1,380</b>	<b>128,340</b>	<b>129,720</b>

	<u>Litigation provision</u>	<u>Other provisions</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>
<b>At January 1, 2019</b>	<b>229</b>	<b>72,103</b>	<b>72,332</b>
Additional provision recorded in the result of the period	2,184	65,942	68,126
Provisions used in the period	(1,076)	(75,303)	(76,379)
Unused amounts during the period, reversed	-	(3,391)	(3,391)
<b>At December 31, 2019</b>	<b>1,337</b>	<b>59,351</b>	<b>60,688</b>

**c) Retirement benefit obligation**

<b>Movement for retirement benefit obligation</b>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
	<u>'000 RON</u>	<u>'000 RON</u>
<b>At January 1</b>	<b>106,158</b>	<b>131,120</b>
Interest cost	2,441	3,718
Current service cost	5,438	6,157
Payments during the year	(10,777)	(7,045)
Actuarial (gain)/loss of the period	16,172	(27,792)
<b>At December 31</b>	<b>119,432</b>	<b>106,158</b>

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

With the exception of actuarial gains/losses, all other movements in the retirement benefit obligation are recognized in the result of the period.

In determining the retirement benefit obligation, the following significant assumptions were used:

- No layoffs or restructurings are planned;
- Average discount rate: 3.21%;
- Average inflation rate: 2.00%.

*Sensitivity analysis*

The discount rate has a significant effect on the obligation. Isolated change in assumptions with 1 percentage point would have the following effect on the obligation:

	<u>Increase of 1% in assumptions</u>	<u>Decrease of 1% in assumptions</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Average discount rate	(11,498)	13,449
Average inflation rate	13,400	(11,669)

*Maturity analysis of payment cash flows*

	<u>Benefit payments</u>
	'000 RON
Up to 1 year	6,693
1-2 years	4,645
2-5 years	12,795
5-10 years	50,728
Over 10 years	44,571

**20. DEFERRED REVENUE**

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Amounts collected from NIP *)	136,021	20,994
Other deferred revenue	167	123
Other amounts received as subsidies	120	127
<b>Total long term deferred revenue</b>	<b>136,308</b>	<b>21,244</b>
Other amounts received as subsidies	8	58
Other deferred revenue	10,891	3,671
<b>Total short term deferred revenue</b>	<b>10,899</b>	<b>3,729</b>
<b>Total deferred revenue</b>	<b>147,207</b>	<b>24,973</b>

\*) In Government Decision no. 1096/2013 approving the mechanism for the free allocation of greenhouse gas emission allowances to electricity producers for the period 2013-2020, Annex no. 3 "National Investment Plan" (NIP) at Item 22, S.N.G.N. ROMGAZ S.A. is included with the investment "Combined Gas Turbine Cycle".

For this investment, Romgaz signed a financing agreement with the Ministry of Energy in 2017, whereby the Ministry of Energy undertakes to grant a non-reimbursable financing of RON 320,912 thousand, representing a maximum of 25% of the total value of the eligible expenditure of the investment. By December 31, 2020 the Group collected RON 136,021 thousand. Amounts received under this contract will be transferred to income based on the depreciation rate of the investment.

By Government Decision no. 1070/2020 the deadline until the investments financed from the National Investment Plan must be put into operation has been extended until June 30, 2021.

**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020**

Until December 31, 2020, the Company has submitted two reimbursement requests amounting to RON 140,498 thousand.

As the term of the contract for the realization of the investment was not extended, the Company is in the process of identifying solutions for completing the works.

	<u>Amounts collected from NIP</u>	<u>Other amounts received as subsidies</u>	<u>Total</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>At January 1, 2020</b>	<b>20,994</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>21,179</b>
Received	115,027	-	115,027
Other decreases (reimbursements)	-	(50)	(50)
Amounts in revenue	-	(7)	(7)
<b>At December 31, 2020</b>	<b>136,021</b>	<b>128</b>	<b>136,149</b>

	<u>Amounts collected from NIP</u>	<u>Other amounts received as subsidies</u>	<u>Total</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
<b>At January 1, 2019</b>	<b>20,994</b>	<b>257</b>	<b>21,251</b>
Received	-	-	-
Other increases	-	9	9
Amounts in revenue	-	(81)	(81)
<b>At December 31, 2019</b>	<b>20,994</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>21,179</b>

**21. TRADE AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Accruals	28,268	30,535
Trade payables	27,315	18,242
Payables to fixed assets suppliers	35,477	61,550
<b>Total trade payables</b>	<b>91,060</b>	<b>110,327</b>

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Payables related to employees	63,452	44,268
Royalties	60,714	64,760
Social security taxes	24,341	20,226
Other current liabilities	5,711	4,700
VAT	62,740	54,189
Dividends payable	2,047	2,231
Windfall tax	31,842	59,095
Other taxes	1,303	1,338
<b>Total other liabilities</b>	<b>252,150</b>	<b>250,807</b>
<b>Total trade and other liabilities</b>	<b>343,210</b>	<b>361,134</b>

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**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020****22. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS****Financial risk factors**

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, inflation risk, interest rate risk), credit risk, liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance within certain limits. However, the use of this approach does not prevent losses outside of these limits in the event of more significant market movements. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to hedge certain risk exposures.

**(a) Market risk****(i) Foreign exchange risk**

The Company is exposed to currency risk as a result of exposure to various currencies. Foreign exchange risk arises from future commercial transactions and recognized assets and liabilities.

As at December 31, 2020, the official exchange rates were RON 3.9660 to USD 1 and RON 4.8694 to EUR 1 and (December 31, 2019: RON 4.2608 to USD 1 and RON 4.7793 to EUR 1).

The Company is mainly exposed to currency risk generated by EUR and USD against RON. The currency risk is not significant, as the Company has limited foreign exchange transactions.

**(ii) Inflation risk**

The official inflation rate in Romania, during the year ended December 31, 2020 was under 10% as provided by the National Commission for Statistics of Romania. The cumulative inflation rate for the last 3 years was under 100%. This factor, among others, led to the conclusion that Romania is not a hyperinflationary economy.

**(iii) Interest rate risk**

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk, due to retirement benefit obligations and the decommissioning provision. The Company's sensitivity to changes in the discount rate is detailed in note 19.

Bank deposits and treasury bills bear a fixed interest rate.

**(b) Credit risk**

Financial assets, which potentially subject the Company to credit risk, consist principally of trade receivables. The Company has policies in place to ensure that sales are made to customers with low credit risk. Also, sales have to be secured, either through advance payments, either through bank letters of guarantee. The carrying amount of accounts receivable, net of bad debt allowances, represents the maximum amount exposed to credit risk. The Company has a concentration of credit risk in respect of its top 4 clients, which together amount to 85.14% of net trade receivable balance at December 31, 2020 (top 4 clients: 85.19% as of December 31, 2019).

In spite of the policies described above, the Company is forced by court orders to deliver gas to insolvent clients deemed "captive" by insolvency legislation. In respect of these clients, the Company makes estimates of the lifetime expected credit losses and records appropriate impairment losses.

Although collection of receivables could be influenced by economic factors, management believes that there is no significant risk of loss to the Company beyond the bad debt allowance already recorded.

**(c) Capital risk management**

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to minimize the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend policy, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company's policy is to only resort to borrowing if investment needs cannot be financed internally.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## (d) Fair value estimation

Carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities is assumed to approximate their fair values.

Financial instruments in the balance sheet include trade receivables and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, other financial assets, short-term loans and borrowings and trade and other payables. The estimated fair values of these instruments approximate their carrying amounts. The carrying amounts represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk for existing receivables.

## e) Maturity analysis for financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost

December 31, 2020	Due in less than a month '000 RON	Due in 1-3 months '000 RON	Due in 3 months to 1 year '000 RON	Due in 1-5 years '000 RON	Due in over 5 years '000 RON	Total '000 RON
Trade receivables	138,091	135,993	28	-	-	274,112
Bank deposits	137,000	371,259	397,157	-	-	905,416
Treasury bonds	-	270,000	797,505	-	-	1,067,505
<b>Total</b>	<b>275,091</b>	<b>777,252</b>	<b>1,194,690</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,247,033</b>
Trade payables	(60,271)	(2,519)	(2)	-	-	(62,792)
Lease liabilities	(57)	(144)	(556)	(3,364)	(4,480)	(8,601)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(60,328)</b>	<b>(2,663)</b>	<b>(558)</b>	<b>(3,364)</b>	<b>(4,480)</b>	<b>(71,393)</b>
<b>Net</b>	<b>214,763</b>	<b>774,589</b>	<b>1,194,132</b>	<b>(3,364)</b>	<b>(4,480)</b>	<b>2,175,640</b>

December 31, 2019	Due in less than a month '000 RON	Due in 1-3 months '000 RON	Due in 3 months to 1 year '000 RON	Due in 1-5 years '000 RON	Due in over 5 years '000 RON	Total '000 RON
Trade receivables	106,087	189,530	33	-	-	295,650
Bank deposits	265,000	560,354	91,000	-	-	916,354
Treasury bonds	-	-	149,560	-	-	149,560
<b>Total</b>	<b>371,087</b>	<b>749,884</b>	<b>240,593</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,361,564</b>
Trade payables	(75,823)	(3,964)	(5)	-	-	(79,792)
Lease liabilities	(52)	(252)	(503)	(2,986)	(5,165)	(8,958)
<b>Total</b>	<b>(75,875)</b>	<b>(4,216)</b>	<b>(508)</b>	<b>(2,986)</b>	<b>(5,165)</b>	<b>(88,750)</b>
<b>Net</b>	<b>295,212</b>	<b>745,668</b>	<b>240,085</b>	<b>(2,986)</b>	<b>(5,165)</b>	<b>1,272,814</b>

## f) Liquidity risk management

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Company's management, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and current cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES

## i. Sales of goods and services

	Year ended Dec 31, 2020	Year ended Dec 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Subsidiaries	117,322	126,917
Associates	17,584	23,374
<b>Total</b>	<b>134,906</b>	<b>150,291</b>

Transactions with other companies controlled by the Romanian State are not considered transactions with related parties, for financial statements purposes.

## ii. Purchase of goods and services

	Year ended Dec 31, 2020	Year ended Dec 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Subsidiaries	67,757	64,874
<b>Total</b>	<b>67,757</b>	<b>64,874</b>

## iii. Trade receivables

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Subsidiaries	15,371	19,111
<b>Total</b>	<b>15,371</b>	<b>19,111</b>

## iv. Trade payables

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Subsidiaries	8,389	(7,125)
<b>Total</b>	<b>8,389</b>	<b>(7,125)</b>

## 24. INFORMATION REGARDING THE MEMBERS OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT AND SUPERVISORY BODIES

## The remuneration of executives and directors

The Company has no contractual obligations on pensions to former executives and directors of the Company.

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and December 31, 2019, no loans and advances were granted to executives and directors of the Company, except for work related travel advances, and they do not owe any amounts to the Company from such advances.

	Year ended December 31, 2020	Year ended December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Salaries paid to executives (gross)	15,509	15,757
of which, bonuses (gross)	775	613
Remuneration paid to directors (gross)	1,629	1,404
of which, variable component (gross)	-	-

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Salaries payable to executives	520	352
Salaries payable to directors	81	70

## 25. INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES

## a) Investment in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries' name	Main activity	Country of residence and operations	Percentage of interest held (%)	
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
SNGN ROMGAZ SA – Filiala de Înmagazinare Gaze Naturale DEPOGAZ Ploiesti SRL	Natural gas storage	Romania	100	100
			Cost at December 31, 2020	Cost at December 31, 2019
			'000 RON	'000 RON
SNGN ROMGAZ SA – Filiala de Înmagazinare Gaze Naturale DEPOGAZ Ploiesti SRL			66,056	66,056
<b>Total</b>			<b>66,056</b>	<b>66,056</b>

## b) Investment in associates

Name of associate	Main activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of interest held (%)			
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		
SC Depomures SA Tg.Mures	Storage of natural gas	Romania	40	40		
SC Agri LNG Project Company SRL	Feasibility projects	Romania	25	25		
Name of associate	Cost as of December 31, 2020	Impairment as of December 31, 2020	Carrying value as of December 31, 2020	Cost as of December 31, 2019	Impairment as of December 31, 2019	Carrying value as of December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON	'000 RON
SC Depomures SA Tg.Mures	120	-	120	120	-	120
SC Agri LNG Project Company SRL	977	(977)	-	977	(977)	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>(977)</b>	<b>120</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>(977)</b>	<b>120</b>

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 26. OTHER FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS

Other financial investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Except for the investment in Patria Bank, which is a level 1 financial investment, all other investments are included in level 3 category, according to IFRS 13.

Company	Principal activity	Place of incorporation and operation	Proportion of ownership interest and voting power held (%)	
			December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Electrocentrale București S.A.	Electricity and thermal power producer Other activities – financial	Romania	2.49	2.49
Patria Bank S.A.	intermediations	Romania	0.03	0.03
Mi Petrogas Services S.A.	Services related to oil and natural gas extraction, excluding prospections	Romania	10	10
GHCL Upsom	Manufacture of other chemical, anorganic base products	Romania	4.21	4.21
Lukoil association	Petroleum exploration operations	Romania	12.2	12.2

  

Company	Fair value as of December 31, 2020	Fair value as of December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Electrocentrale București S.A. *)	-	-
Patria Bank S.A.**)	91	101
Mi Petrogas Services S.A.	60	60
GHCL Upsom	-	-
Lukoil association	5,227	5,227
<b>Total</b>	<b>5,378</b>	<b>5,388</b>

\*) The fair value of the investment in Electrocentrale Bucuresti at December 31, 2020 was reduced to zero, due to the difficulties encountered in implementing the restructuring plan in the insolvency procedure. The investment in Electrocentrale Bucuresti is not quoted.

\*\*) Patria Bank's shares being quoted, the fair value at the end of the period is determined by taking into account the closing quotation of the share. The variation between the amount at December 31, 2020 and the amount at December 31, 2019 was recorded in the result of the period.

## 27. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Current bank accounts in RON *)	101,014	64,621
Current bank accounts in foreign currency	174	602
Petty cash	53	16
Term deposits in RON	289,203	170,000
Restricted cash **)	2,412	87,867
Amounts under settlement	1	1
<b>Total</b>	<b>392,857</b>	<b>323,107</b>

\*) Current bank accounts include overnight deposits.

\*\*) At December 31, 2019 restricted cash included bank accounts used strictly for VAT transactions, as the Company opted in to the application of the split-VAT system; in 2020 the split-VAT system was terminated. At December 31, 2020 restricted cash refers to bank accounts used only for dividend payments to shareholders, according to stock market regulations (December 31, 2020: RON 2,412 thousand; December 31, 2019: RON 2,652 thousand).

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 28. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets represent mainly treasury bonds and deposits with a maturity of over 3 months, from acquisition date.

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Treasury bonds in RON	1,045,593	144,923
Bank deposits in RON	905,416	916,354
Accrued interest receivable on bank deposits	2,586	3,377
Accrued interest on bonds	21,912	4,637
<b>Total other financial assets</b>	<b>1,975,507</b>	<b>1,069,291</b>

## 29. ASSETS HELD FOR DISPOSAL AND RELATED LIABILITIES

As of April 1 2018, natural gas storage was transferred from Romgaz to SNGN ROMGAZ SA – Filiala de Înmagazinare Gaze Naturale DEPOGAZ Ploiesti SRL.

The transfer of activity occurred as a result of the Company's legal obligation to achieve separation of natural gas storage activity from natural gas production and supply in accordance with Directive 2009/73 / EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of July 13, 2009 and the provisions of art. 141 align (1) of Law 123/2012.

The transfer involved the transfer of the license to the storage subsidiary, transfer of employees and the transfer of the unfinished acquisitions until 31 March 2018. The transfer did not involve a sale. As a result of the transfer of activity, the fixed assets were not transferred and they were leased to Depogaz.

At the end of 2018, the shareholders of the Company approved, in principle, to increase the share capital of Depogaz with the assets used in the storage activity. Based on this decision, in 2019 the Company's assets were measured in order to determine the value of the share capital increase. In December 2019, the Company's majority shareholder called for a meeting to take a final decision on the increase; the final decision was taken in January 2020. Based on the call of the majority shareholder in December 2019, the assets to be transferred, according to the Company's Board of Directors' decision in February 2020, together with other related assets and liabilities were classified as held for disposal as of December 31, 2020. The transfer of assets has not been completed until the date of approval of the financial statements, as all legal formalities have not been completed.

The major classes of assets and liabilities classified as held for disposal as of December 31, 2020 are:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Property, plant and equipment	710,929	701,098
Other intangible assets	15	15
<b>Assets held for disposal</b>	<b>710,944</b>	<b>701,113</b>
Provisions	49,935	38,512
Deferred tax liabilities	21,554	21,857
<b>Liabilities directly associated with the assets held for disposal</b>	<b>71,489</b>	<b>60,369</b>
<b>Net assets directly associated with the disposal group</b>	<b>639,455</b>	<b>640,744</b>

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## NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

## 30. COMMITMENTS UNDERTAKEN

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Endorsements and collaterals granted	224,063	52,729
<b>Total</b>	<b>224,063</b>	<b>52,729</b>

In 2020, Romgaz signed an addendum to the credit agreement with BCR SA representing a facility for issuing letters of guarantee, and opening letters of credit for a maximum amount of USD 100,000 thousand. On December 31, 2020 are still available for use USD 44,204 thousand.

As of December 31, 2020, the Company's contractual commitments for the acquisition of non-current assets are of RON 379,808 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 431,382 thousand).

## 31. COMMITMENTS RECEIVED

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
	'000 RON	'000 RON
Endorsements and collaterals received	1,508,192	1,496,152
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,508,192</b>	<b>1,496,152</b>

Endorsements and collateral received represent letters of guarantee and other performance guarantees received from the Company's clients.

## 32. CONTINGENCIES

(a) *Litigations*

The Company is subject to several legal actions arisen in the normal course of business. The management of the Company considers that they will have no material adverse effect on the results and the financial position of the Company.

On December 28, 2011, 27 former and current employees were notified by DIICOT regarding an investigation related to sale contracts signed with one of the Company's clients for allegedly unauthorized discounts granted to this client during the period 2005-2010. DIICOT mentioned that this may have resulted in a loss of USD 92,000 thousand for the Company. On that sum, an additional burden to the state budget consists of income tax in amount of USD 15,000 thousand and VAT in amount of USD 19,000 thousand. The internal analysis carried out by the Company's specialized departments concluded that the agreement was in compliance with the legal provisions and all discounts were granted based on Orders issued by the Ministry of Economy and Finance and decisions of the General Shareholders' Board and Board of Directors. The management of the Company believes the investigation will not have a negative impact on the financial statements, to justify the registration of an adjustment. The Company is fully cooperating with DIICOT in providing all information necessary. On March 18 2014, Romgaz received an address from DIICOT, by which the investigators ordered an accounting expertise, indicating the objectives of the expertise.

Romgaz was notified that, as injured party, it may submit comments relating to objectives of the expertise (additions/changes), and may appoint an additional expert to participate in the expertise.

Thus, Romgaz proceeded to identify and appoint an expert with accounting and financial expertise that can participate to the expertise. After the report was completed, the parties could submit objections by November 2, 2015.

On March 16, 2016, DIICOT – Central Structure informed the persons involved in the cause about the start of legal actions against them. At the request of investigators, the Company announced that in case of a prejudice being established during the investigation, the Company will join the case as civil party.

In November 2016, DIICOT informed the Company the prejudice established in amount of RON 282,630 thousand. Following this request, Romgaz announced that will join the case as a civil party for the amount of RON 282,630 thousand to recover this amount from the respective client and any other person that may be found guilty for causing the prejudice.

In June 2017, DIICOT issued a press release announcing the referral to court of several persons involved in the case. In January 2018, the High Court of Cassation and Justice ruled that the indictment prepared by DIICOT was not legal; the ruling is not definitive.

At the date of endorsement of these financial statements the case in which Romgaz is a civil party a ruled by the High Court of Cassation and Justice. By the date the financial statements were endorsed for issue, no court decision was issued.

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**NOTES TO THE INDIVIDUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020****(b) Taxation**

The Romanian taxation system is undergoing a process of consolidation and harmonization with the European Union legislation. However, there are still different interpretations of the fiscal legislation. In various circumstances, the tax authorities may have different approaches to certain issues, and assess additional tax liabilities, together with late payment interest and penalties. In Romania, tax periods remain open for fiscal verification for 5 years. The Company's management considers that the tax liabilities included in these financial statements are fairly stated.

**(c) Environmental contingencies**

Environmental regulations are developing in Romania and the Company has not recorded any liability at December 31, 2020 for any anticipated costs, including legal and consulting fees, impact studies, the design and implementation of remediation plans related to environmental matters, except the amount of RON 560,958 thousand (December 31, 2019: RON 384,236 thousand), representing the decommissioning liability.

**(d) Controls by The Romanian Court of Accounts**

In 2016, the Company came under scrutiny from the Romanian Court of Accounts.

One of the Romanian Court of Accounts' conclusions was that during 2013-2015 Romgaz delivered gas on the regulated market over the quantities it was legally allowed to, according to the existing legislation. The price on the regulated market being lower than the one on the free market, The Romanian Court of Accounts issued Decision number 26/01.06.2016 and ordered Romgaz to determine and to recover the prejudice as a price difference on gas quantities delivered on the regulated market over its legal obligation, having January 2017 as due date for implementation. The alleged prejudice estimated by the Court of Accounts is over RON 160 million. Romgaz appealed the decision, but the Court of Accounts dismissed the appeal. Subsequently, the Company started legal proceedings against the Court of Accounts' decision no. 26/01.06.2016 and, also, contracted legal services for the annulment of the Court of Accounts' decision and to carry out the measures ordered by the Court of Accounts' decision.

The Court of Accounts litigation was resolved by the Court of Appeal Alba Iulia, maintaining the findings and measures of Decision no. 26/2016 issued by the Court of Accounts, except for one measure.

The Company's management respects the decision taken by the Court of Appeal Alba Iulia and started legal actions to implement the measures established by the Court of Accounts. The deadline for implementing these measures was extended to June 30, 2021.

**33. JOINT ARRANGEMENTS**

In January 2002, Romgaz signed a petroleum agreement with Amromco for rehabilitation operations in order to achieve additional production in 11 blocks, namely: Bibești, Strâmba, Finta, Fierbinți-Târg, Frasin-Brazi, Zătreni, Boldu, Roșioru, Gura-Șuții, Balta-Albă and Vlădeni. For the base production, Romgaz holds a share of 100% and for the additional production, Romgaz owns a share of 50% and Amromco Energy SRL - 50%. As the agreement was signed to execute rehabilitation operations to obtain additional production, the mandatory work program is in accordance with the studies approved by ANRM. Accordingly, the annual work program, which includes both works provided in the studies and other works necessary and proposed by the partners, is approved annually by the Board of the joint arrangement before the start of each year. The duration of the joint arrangement is in line with the time frame of each individual concession agreements of the 11 perimeters stated above, which differs for each block.

**34. AUDITOR'S FEES**

The fee charged by the Company's statutory auditor, S.C. Ernst & Young Assurance Services S.R.L. for the statutory audit of the 2020 annual financial statements is RON 305 thousand.

The fees charged for other assurance services in 2020 are RON 150 thousand.

**35. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE**

No events after the balance sheet date were identified.

**36. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on March 23, 2021.

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**Aristotel Marius Jude**  
Chief Executive Officer

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**Răzvan Popescu**  
Chief Financial Officer

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